DY Patil PG Lecture Series

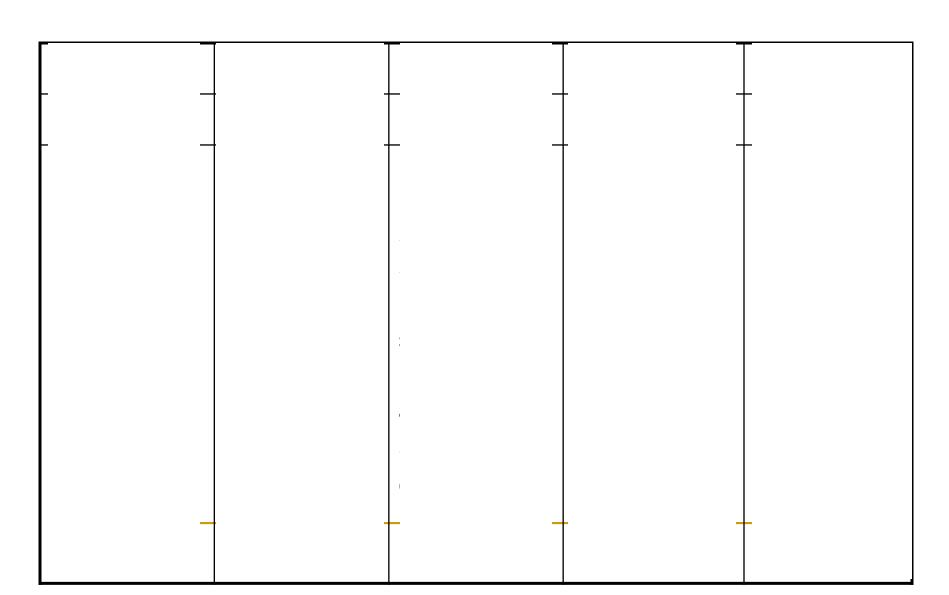
History Taking & MSE: Making it Good-Better-Best

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- Identification:
 - Residence
 - Type of admission
- Chief complaints: both, chronology, verbatim
- H/o Present illness (the chronological story goes..):
 - Asymptomatic phase
 - Onset/Origin/Precipitating factors/Prodrome
 - Symptom description
 - Duration
 - Progression Description, Severity, Impact, Impairment, Intervention
 - Current status / level of functioning

- Negative history:
 - "ruling out....."
 - Positive <---> Negative
 - Self harm ?, Subs. Use ?, Co-morbidity ?,
 Medical/Neurological ?, Personality ?
- Acute / Chronic Stressors:
 - Correlating with current presentation
- Past Psychiatric History:
 - Inter-episodic period
- Medical History: Possible correlations

Negative history – what to look for ?



Family history:

- Type
- Size / Members
- Familial environment
- Psychiatric illness/Subs. Use/Suicide
- Medical illness/treatments/cause of death
- Present relationships
- Support system
- Ongoing stressors in the family
- Living conditions/Income source/Affordability
- Attitude towards / impact of patient's illness
- Personalities, Intelligence

- Personal history
- Early childhood history
- Middle childhood history:
 - Experience with school, siblings & peers
 - Neurotic traits: Stuttering, Tics, Enuresis, Night terrors, Encopresis, Thumb sucking, Nail biting, Head banging, Body rocking, Fears, Temper tantrums, Food fads, Sleep habit

Adolescence:

- Peers / Friends
- Puberty, Sexual activity, Attitude for opposite sex
- Emotional problems

- Educational history
- Occupational history
- Menstrual / Obstetric history:
 - Last period ?
 - Child bearing age / Planning for pregnancy ?
- Marital / Sexual history:
 - Premarital / Marital history
 - Gender Identity
 - Sexual Orientation
 - Dysfunction?

- Legal History
- Premorbid Personality (what to look for ?):
 - Interpersonal relationship
 - Predominant mood
 - Reaction to stressful life events
 - Attitute towards self & others
 - Attitute to work & responsibilities
 - Use of leisure time
 - Religious beliefs / Moral attitudes
 (Shy, Introvert, Extrovert, Social, Outgoing, Friendly)

- General Examination → don't forget relevant
 - Weight
 - Skin lesions / marks
 - Injury
 - Oral cavity
- Systemic Examination:
 - CNS examination in detail

MSE skills - redefined

- General appearance, E to E contact, Rapport
- Attitude towards examiner:
 - Co-operative, Attentive, Interested, Guarded, Apathetic, Disinterested, Defensive, Hostile, Combativeness, Agitated, Irritable, Seductive, Playful
- Motor activity:
 - Increased / Decreased
 - Excitement/Restlessness/Agitation/Withdrawal
 - Compulsive acts/Rituals
 - Catatonic features
 - Tics/Tremors/Mannerisms/Steroetypies
 - Akathesia/Rigidity/Slowness/Dyskinesia
 - Hallucinatory behaviour
- Speech

Mood (questions > verbatim > inference): Quality (predominant) Depth/Intensity Lability/Fluctuations Reactivity Persistence/Duration Affect (observation > inferance): Quality (predominant) Range of expression (changes over time) – Constricted / Restricted / Broad Depth / Intensity (amount of expression) — Increased / Shallow / Blunted-Flat Lability Congruence to mood

Appropriateness to context (thinking & environment)

- Thought (questions > verbatim > inferance):
 - Stream (production)
 - Spontaneous
 - Rapid / Slow
 - Poverty of content of speech / Paucity of ideas
 - Thought block
 - Incoherant
 - □ Form (flow)
 - Flight of ideas, Loosening of association, Tangentiality, Circumstantiality, Perseveration, Verbigeration
 - Illogical thinking
 - Clang association, Punning, Rhyming
 - Word salad, Over inclusive
 - Content
 - Recurrent thought > Preoccupations > Ruminations > Obsessions
 - Worries, Phobias, Overvalued Ideas
 - Delutions (or Ideas of) → true? Content, organized, congruence, bizzare?
 - Neologism
 - Suicidal / Homisidal ideation

Perception:

- Hallucination / Illusion
 - Which sense?
 - Elementary / Complex
 - Content (What is heard ?) (Verbatim)
 - How many voices?
 - Male / Female
 - When does it happen/start/stop time of day / context ?
 - Second person / Third person
 - Command?
 - Running Commentary ?
 - Reaction to it?
 - Mood congruent?

- Cognition (questions > verbatim > inference):
 - □ Fund of knowledge / Intelligence → relevant to educational & cultural backgroud
- Insight (questions > verbatim > inference)
- Judgement
- Impulsivity
- Risk assessment
- Patient's reliability
- Compliance

Case Presentation in Exam - 4DP Format

- DS vs CS
- DF vs CF

- Multi axial diagnosis
- Prognosis
- Investigations
 - Diagnostic medical, psychometric, rating
 - Baseline / Follow-up

Current Etiopathogenesis Management Clinical Condition **Biological** Psychopharmacology **ECT** Medical treatment **Psychological** Counselling **Psychotherapies** Family therapy Groups Psychoeducation Social Vocational training Social Skill training Rehabilitation Stress management

	Biological	Psychological	Social
Acute / Short term			
Continuation / Long term			

- Goals of treatment
- Affordability for treatment
- Involuntary ?
- Monitoring treatment
- Family educate, w/f, attitudes, EE, burden
- Vocational therapy, Rehab., Disability, Referral

A good case presentation needs...

- Good preparation for history taking
- "Eyes see what your mind knows"
- Verbal/written Comprehension skills
- Command over English language
- Presentational skills
- Time (or Crisis) management skills
- Story telling skills
- Presence of mind
- Being holistically comprehensive
- Lateral thinking
- Lots of enthusiasm & confidence
- Supporting what you say
- Right approach to the case (rather than wealth of information)

Thank You